

# Zip-Codes.com

## Canadian Database Specifications - Business

### Product Details

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- Website:** <http://www.zip-codes.com>
- Product:** Canadian Postal Code Database– Business
- URL:** <http://www.zip-codes.com/postal-code-database.asp>
- Download:** [http://www.zip-codes.com/account\\_database.asp](http://www.zip-codes.com/account_database.asp)
- Updates:** Monthly
- Formats:** [MDB] Access  
[XLS] Excel  
[CSV] Comma Separated Values

Our Postal Code Canada Database contains over 850,000 precise Postal Code entries. You can download the database once per month (if needed) for a full year. We have made every effort to provide the most accurate and up to date information.

### Database Fields

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#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	PostalCode	Char(7)	The Postal Code of the record.
02	City	VarChar(45)	The name of the city, town or village of the Postal Code.
03	Province	Char(2)	The two-letter abbreviation for the province to that Postal Code.
04	ProvinceName	VarChar(45)	The name of the province to that Postal Code.
05	AreaCode	VarChar(3)	The telephone area code for this Postal Code.
06	CityFlag	Char(1)	Yes/No flag indicating if the Postal Code is marked as a general delivery address.
07	TimeZone	Integer	The time Zone Number for which this Postal Code belongs to.
08	DST	Char(1)	Indicates whether they observe Day Light Savings Time.
09	Latitude	Decimal	Geographic coordinate measured in degrees north or south of the equator.
10	Longitude	Decimal	Geographic coordinate measured in degrees east or west of the Greenwich Meridian.
11	Elevation	Integer	Average elevation of the Postal Code in meters.
12	Population	Integer	The population count for the Forward Sortation Area by Canadian Census 2016.
13	Dwellings	Integer	The total number of private dwellings count for the Forward Sortation Area by Canadian Census 2016.
14	AreaName	VarChar(45)	Major community name or greater municipality grouping that contains the street address or its delivery installation as recognized by the Canada Post.
15	StreetName	VarChar(45)	The official civic name of a roadway or artery as recognized by Canada Post.

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16	StreetTypeCode	VarChar (6)	Official description used to identify the type of road or artery.
17	StreetDirCode	VarChar (2)	The street direction component of an official street name.
18	StreetSuffix	VarChar (3)	The address suffix associated with the street address from number.
19	CityMixedCase	VarChar (45)	The name of the city, town or village of the Postal Code in Mixed Case format.
20	AreaNameMixedCase	VarChar (45)	Major community name or greater municipality grouping that contains the street address or its delivery installation as recognized by the Canada Post in Mixed Case format.
21	MunicipalityName	VarChar (45)	The name of the municipality this Postal Code is in.
22	CensusMetropolitanAreaUID	VarChar (3)	Uniquely identifies a census metropolitan area.
23	CensusMetropolitanAreaName	VarChar (100)	Census metropolitan area name.
24	CensusDivisionUID	VarChar (45)	Uniquely identifies a census division (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code).
25	CensusDivisionName	VarChar (255)	Census division name.
26	CensusSubDivisionUID	VarChar (7)	Uniquely identifies a census subdivision (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 3-digit census subdivision code).
27	CensusSubDivisionName	VarChar (255)	Census subdivision name.
28	RecordType	Char(1)	Defines the type of Postal Code.
29	AddressType	Char(1)	A code denoting whether an address is in the form of a civic address or in the form of a delivery installation address.
30	StreetNameMixedCase	VarChar(45)	The official civic name of a roadway or artery as recognized by Canada Post, in mixed case letters (not all uppercase).
31	FederalElectoralDistrictUID	VarChar(5)	Uniquely identifies a federal electoral district (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 3-digit federal electoral district code).
32	FederalElectoralDistrictName	VarChar (255)	Federal electoral district name.
33	DesignatedPlaceUID	VarChar(6)	Uniquely identifies a designated place (composed of the 2-digit province or territory unique identifier followed by the 4-digit designated place code)
34	DesignatedPlaceName	VarChar (255)	Designated place name
35	EconomicRegionUID	VarChar(4)	Uniquely identifies an economic region (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit economic region code).
36	EconomicRegionName	VarChar (255)	Economic region name.
37	CensusDisseminationAreaUID	VarChar(8)	Uniquely identifies a dissemination area (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 4-digit dissemination area code).
38	CensusConsolidatedSubdivisionUID	VarChar(7)	Uniquely identifies a census consolidated subdivision (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 3-digit census consolidated subdivision code).
39	CensusConsolidatedSubdivisionName	VarChar (255)	Census consolidated subdivision name.
40	CensusTractUID	VarChar(10)	Uniquely identifies a census tract within a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration (composed of the 3-digit census metropolitan area/census agglomeration unique identifier followed by the 7.2-character census tract name).

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41	CensusTractName	VarChar (255)	Every census tract is assigned a 7.2-character numeric 'name' (including leading zeros, a decimal point and trailing zeros).
42	PopulationCentreUID	VarChar(4)	Uniquely identifies a population centre
43	PopulationCentreName	VarChar (255)	Population centre name

**Data:** Municipality Cross Reference  
**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_Municipality

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	ProvinceSequenceNumber	Char(2)	A numeric code listing the province or territory's position geographically, in east to west sequence within Canada.
02	AlternateMunicipalityName	VarChar(30)	Alternate names, alternate spellings, and abbreviations for many of the municipality names contained within the address lookup file.
03	MunicipalityName	VarChar(30)	A municipality is any city, town or village in Canada that is recognized as a valid mailing address by Canada Post.
04	AlternateType	VarChar(1)	Indicates the type of alternate municipality name.
05	ValidAlternate	VarChar(1)	Indicates whether the alternate name is acceptable for use as the municipality component of an address.
06	FSA	Char(3)	The FSA comprises the first three characters of a postal code. The FSA qualifies the area within a municipality that is permitted to use the valid alternate municipality name.
07	Province	Char(2)	The two-letter abbreviation for the province.

**Data:** Accent Supplement File  
**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_Accent

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	NonAccentedName	VarChar(60)	A localized accented name
02	AccentedName	VarChar(60)	A non-localized non-accented name
03	AccentedNameCoded	VarChar(60)	A non-localized non-accented name with codes representing the accented characters.

**Data:** Street Supplement File  
**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_Street

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	Province	Char(2)	The two-letter abbreviation for the province.
02	MunicipalityName	VarChar(30)	A municipality is any city, town or village in Canada that is recognized as a valid mailing address by Canada Post.
03	AlternateStreetName	VarChar(45)	The alternate civic name of a roadway or artery as recognized by

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			Canada Post.
04	AlternateStreetTypeCode	VarChar (6)	Official description used to identify the type of road or artery.
05	AlternateStreetDirectionCode	VarChar (2)	The street direction component of an official street name.
06	StreetName	VarChar(45)	The official civic name of a roadway or artery as recognized by Canada Post.
07	StreetTypeCode	VarChar (6)	Official description used to identify the type of road or artery.
08	StreetDirectionCode	VarChar (2)	The street direction component of an official street name.

## PCCF (Postal Code Conversion File)

The Postal Code<sup>OM</sup> Conversion File (PCCF) is a digital file which provides a correspondence between the Canada Post Corporation (CPC) six-character postal code<sup>OM</sup> and Statistics Canada's standard geographic areas for which census data and other statistics are produced. Through the link between postal codes<sup>OM</sup> and standard geographic areas, the PCCF permits the integration of data from various sources.

The geographic coordinates, which represent the standard geostatistical areas linked to each postal code<sup>OM</sup> on the PCCF, are commonly used to map the distribution of data for spatial analysis (e.g., clients, activities). The location information is a powerful tool for marketing, planning, or research purposes.

The main Postal Code table contains a UID that assigns it to each geographic region. You can join that UID with the UID from the geographic data tables below for additional information on that geographic region.

For this release, all Postal Codes are geocoded with a latitude/longitude value, then that value is checked against the boundary for each geographic region below. Matches are assigned automatically and assigned geographic regions are updated monthly as changes are made.

About 96% of the postal codes<sup>OM</sup> are assigned to geographic areas using our automated process.

**Data:** Census Consolidated Subdivision Supplement File

**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_CensusConsolidatedSubdivision

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	CCSUID	VarChar(7)	Uniquely identifies a census consolidated subdivision (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 3-digit census consolidated subdivision code).
02	CCSName	VarChar(255)	Census consolidated subdivision name.
03	PRUID	VarChar(2)	Uniquely identifies a province or territory.
04	PRName	VarChar(55)	Province or territory name.
05	CDUID	VarChar (4)	Uniquely identifies a census division (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code).
06	CDName	VarChar(100)	Census division name.
07	CDType	VarChar(3)	Census division type.

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**Data:** Census Dissemination Area Supplement File

**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_CensusDisseminationArea

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	DAUID	VarChar(8)	Uniquely identifies a dissemination area (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 4-digit dissemination area code).
02	PRUID	VarChar(2)	Uniquely identifies a province or territory.
03	PRName	VarChar(55)	Province or territory name.
04	CDUID	VarChar (4)	Uniquely identifies a census division (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code).
05	CDName	VarChar(100)	Census division name.
06	CDType	VarChar(3)	Census division type.
07	CCSUID	VarChar(7)	Uniquely identifies a census consolidated subdivision (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 3-digit census consolidated subdivision code).
08	CCSName	VarChar(100)	Census consolidated subdivision name.
09	CSDUID	VarChar(3)	Uniquely identifies a census subdivision (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 3-digit census subdivision code).
10	CSDName	VarChar(4)	Census subdivision name.
11	CSDType	VarChar(3)	Census subdivisions are classified according to designations adopted by provincial/territorial or federal authorities.
12	ERUID	VarChar (4)	Uniquely identifies an economic region (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit economic region code).
13	ERName	VarChar(100)	Economic region name.
14	SACCode	VarChar(3)	The 3-digit Statistical Area Classification code.
15	SACType	VarChar(3)	The Statistical Area Classification groups census subdivisions according to whether they are a component of a census metropolitan area, a census agglomeration, a census metropolitan influenced zone or the territories.
16	CMAUID	VarChar(4)	Uniquely identifies a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration.
17	CMAName	VarChar(250)	Uniquely identifies the provincial/territorial part of a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 3-digit census metropolitan area/census agglomeration unique identifier).
18	CMAType	VarChar(3)	Census metropolitan area or census agglomeration name.
19	CMAPUID	VarChar(5)	A one-character field identifying whether the unit is a census metropolitan area, a tracted census agglomeration or a non-tracted census agglomeration.
20	CTUID	VarChar(10)	Uniquely identifies a census tract within a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration (composed of the 3-digit census metropolitan area/census agglomeration unique identifier followed by the 7.2-character census tract name).
21	CTName	VarChar(100)	Every census tract is assigned a 7.2-character numeric 'name' (including leading zeros, a decimal point and trailing zeros).

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22	ADAUID	VarChar(8)	Uniquely identifies an aggregate dissemination area (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 4-digit aggregate dissemination area code).
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**Data:** Census Division Supplement File  
**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_CensusDivision

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	CDUID	VarChar(4)	Uniquely identifies a census division.
02	CDNAME	VarChar(100)	Census division name.
03	CDTYPE	VarChar(3)	Census division type.
04	PRUID	VarChar (2)	Uniquely identifies a province or territory.
05	PRNAME	VarChar(55)	Province or territory name.

**Data:** Census Metropolitan Area Supplement File  
**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_CensusMetropolitanArea

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	CMAUID	VarChar(3)	Uniquely identifies a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration
02	CMANAME	VarChar(100)	Census metropolitan area or census agglomeration name
03	CMATYPE	VarChar(3)	A one-character field identifying whether the unit is a census metropolitan area, a tracted census agglomeration or a non-tracted census agglomeration.
04	CMAUID	VarChar (5)	Uniquely identifies the provincial/territorial part of a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration
05	PRUID	VarChar (2)	Uniquely identifies a province or territory.
06	PRNAME	VarChar(55)	Province or territory name.

**Data:** Census Subdivision Area Supplement File  
**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_CensusSubdivision

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	CSDUID	VarChar(7)	Uniquely identifies a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration
02	CSDNAME	VarChar(100)	Census metropolitan area or census agglomeration name
03	CSDTYPE	VarChar(3)	A one-character field identifying whether the unit is a census metropolitan area, a tracted census agglomeration or a non-tracted census agglomeration.

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04	PRUID	VarChar (2)	Uniquely identifies a province or territory.
05	PRNAME	VarChar(55)	Province or territory name.
06	CDUID	VarChar(4)	Uniquely identifies a census division.
07	CDNAME	VarChar(100)	Census division name.
08	CDTYPE	VarChar(3)	Census division type.
09	CMAUID	VarChar(3)	Uniquely identifies a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration
10	CMANAME	VarChar(100)	Census metropolitan area or census agglomeration name
11	CMATYPE	VarChar(3)	A one-character field identifying whether the unit is a census metropolitan area, a tracted census agglomeration or a non-tracted census agglomeration.
12	CMAUID	VarChar (5)	Uniquely identifies the provincial/territorial part of a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration
13	SACTYPE	VarChar(3)	The Statistical Area Classification groups census subdivisions according to whether they are a component of a census metropolitan area, a census agglomeration, a census metropolitan influenced zone or the territories.
14	SACCODE	VarChar(3)	The 3-digit Statistical Area Classification code.
15	CCSUID	VarChar(7)	Uniquely identifies a census consolidated subdivision.
16	CCSNAME	VarChar(100)	Census consolidated subdivision name.

**Data:** Census Tract Supplement File  
**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_CensusTract

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	CTUID	VarChar(10)	Uniquely identifies a census tract within a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration (composed of the 3-digit census metropolitan area/census agglomeration unique identifier followed by the 7.2-character census tract name).
02	CTName	VarChar(255)	Every census tract is assigned a 7.2-character numeric 'name' (including leading zeros, a decimal point and trailing zeros).
03	PRUID	VarChar(2)	Uniquely identifies a province or territory.
04	PRName	VarChar(55)	Province or territory name.
05	CMAUID	VarChar(4)	Uniquely identifies a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration.
06	CMAName	VarChar(250)	Uniquely identifies the provincial/territorial part of a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 3-digit census metropolitan area/census agglomeration unique identifier).
07	CMAType	VarChar(3)	Census metropolitan area or census agglomeration name.
08	CMAUID	VarChar(5)	A one-character field identifying whether the unit is a census metropolitan area, a tracted census agglomeration or a non-tracted census agglomeration.

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**Data:** Designated Place Supplement File

**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_DesignatedPlace

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	DPLUID	VarChar(6)	Uniquely identifies a designated place (composed of the 2-digit province or territory unique identifier followed by the 4-digit designated place code)
02	DPLName	VarChar(255)	Designated place name
03	DPLType	VarChar(3)	Designated place type
04	PRUID	VarChar(2)	Uniquely identifies a province or territory.
05	PRName	VarChar(55)	Province or territory name.

**Data:** Economic Region Supplement File

**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_EconomicRegion

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	ERUID	VarChar(6)	Uniquely identifies an economic region (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit economic region code).
02	ERName	VarChar(255)	Economic region name.
03	PRUID	VarChar(2)	Uniquely identifies a province or territory.
04	PRName	VarChar(55)	Province or territory name.

**Data:** Federal Electoral District Supplement File

**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_FederalElectoralDistrict

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	FEDUID	VarChar(6)	Uniquely identifies a federal electoral district (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 3-digit federal electoral district code).
02	FEDName	VarChar(255)	Federal electoral district name.
03	FEDEName	VarChar(255)	The federal electoral district name in English.
04	FEDFName	VarChar(255)	The federal electoral district name in French.
05	PRUID	VarChar(2)	Uniquely identifies a province or territory.
06	PRName	VarChar(55)	Province or territory name.



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**Data:** Population Centre Supplement File

**Table Name:** PostalCodeSupplement\_PopulationCentre

#	Field Name	Data Type	Description
01	PCUID	VarChar(4)	Uniquely identifies a population centre
02	PCName	VarChar(255)	Population centre name
03	PCType	VarChar(3)	Population centre type
04	PCPUID	VarChar(6)	Uniquely identifies the provincial or territorial part of an population centre (composed of the 2-digit province or territory unique identifier followed by the 4-digit population centre unique identifier)
05	PCClass	VarChar(1)	Identifies whether a population centre is small, medium or large urban.
06	PRUID	VarChar(2)	Uniquely identifies a province or territory.
07	PRName	VarChar(55)	Province or territory name.
08	CMAUID	VarChar(4)	Uniquely identifies a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration.
09	CMAName	VarChar(250)	Uniquely identifies the provincial/territorial part of a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 3-digit census metropolitan area/census agglomeration unique identifier).
10	CMAType	VarChar(3)	Census metropolitan area or census agglomeration name.
11	CMAPUID	VarChar(5)	A one-character field identifying whether the unit is a census metropolitan area, a tracted census agglomeration or a non-tracted census agglomeration.

## Detailed Database Field Descriptions

### 1. PostalCode

Canadian Postal Codes are made up of 6 digits/characters separated into two groups. The sequence is in ANA NAN format where A is Alphabetical character and N is a numerical character. The first three characters (ANA) make up the FSO (Forward Sortation Area).

### 2. City

This is the name of city for the Postal Code. The name can represent a city, a postal entity, a community or a municipality name. This value is in all UPPER CASE LETTERS.

### 3. Province

A two digit abbreviation of the Province.

### 4. ProvinceName

The full name of the Province this Postal Code resides in.

### 5. AreaCode

The telephone area code belonging to the particular Postal Code.

### 6. CityFlag

The flag to determine if the Postal Code is marked as a general delivery service Postal Code at a Postal Delivery installation. 'Y' if the Postal Code is general delivery, 'N' for no.

### 7. TimeZone

Time zone designation - the numbers 4-11 are assigned to the time zones.

Number	TimeZone
4	Atlantic (GMT -04:00)
5	Eastern (GMT -05:00)
6	Central (GMT -06:00)
7	Mountain (GMT -07:00)
8	Pacific (GMT -08:00)

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9	Alaska (GMT -09:00)
10	Hawaii-Aleutian (GMT -10:00)
11	American Samoa (GMT -11:00)
14	Guam (GMT +10:00)
15	Palau (GMT +9:00)
20	Newfoundland (GMT -03:30)

#### 8. DST

Flag indicating whether a postal code is on daylight savings. Y for yes, N for no.

#### 9. Latitude

The geographical coordinate measured in degrees north or south of the equator.

#### 10. Longitude

The geographical coordinate measured in degrees east or west of the Greenwich (prime) meridian.

#### 11. Elevation

The average elevation of the Postal Code measured in meters.

#### 12. Population

The population in the Forward Sortation Area as reported by the Canadian Census 2016. **Note:** The number is only valid for first 3 characters or the Forward Sortation Area (FSA). The population numbers are also not projected to the future. They are actual Census 2016 numbers.

#### 13. Dwellings

The total private dwellings in the Forward Sortation Area as reported by the Canadian Census 2016. **Note:** The number is only valid for first 3 characters or the Forward Sortation Area (FSA). The private dwelling numbers are also not projected to the future. They are actual Census 2016 numbers.

#### 14. AreaName

The major community or greater municipality grouping that contains the street address or its delivery installation recognized by Canada Post. This value is in all UPPER CASE LETTERS.

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#### 15. StreetName

The street name is the official civic name of a roadway or artery as recognized by the Canada Post.

#### 16. StreetTypeCode

The official description used to identify the type of artery or roadway. The valid values are space, or:

Abbreviation	Type
ABBEY	Abbey
ACRES	Acres
ALLÉE	Allée
ALLEY	Alley
AUT	Autoroute
AVE	Avenue (English)
AV	Avenue (French)
BAY	Bay
BEACH	Beach
BEND	Bend
BLVD	Boulevard (English)
BOUL	Boulevard (French)
BYPASS	By-Pass
BYWAY	Byway
CAMPUS	Campus
CAPE	Cape
CAR	Carré
CARREF	Carrefour
CTR	Centre (English)
C	Centre (French)
CERCLE	Cercle
CHASE	Chase
CH	Chemin
CIR	Circle
CIRCT	Circuit
CLOSE	Close
COMMON	Common
CONC	Concession
CRNRS	Corners
CÔTE	Côte
COUR	Cour
COURS	Cours
CRT	Court
COVE	Cove
CRES	Crescent

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CROIS	Croissant
CROSS	Crossing
CDS	Cul-de-sac
DALE	Dale
DELL	Dell
DIVERS	Diversion
DOWNS	Downs
DR	Drive
ÉCH	Échangeur
END	End
ESPL	Esplanade
ESTATE	Estates
EXPY	Expressway
EXTEN	Extension
FARM	Farm
FIELD	Field
FOREST	Forest
FWY	Freeway
FRONT	Front
GDNS	Gardens
GATE	Gate
GLADE	Glade
GLEN	Glen
GREEN	Green
GRNDS	Grounds
GROVE	Grove
HARBR	Harbour
HEATH	Heath
HTS	Heights
HGLDSD	Highlands
HWY	Highway
HILL	Hill
HOLLOW	Hollow
ÎLE	Île
IMP	Impasse
INLET	Inlet
ISLAND	Island
KEY	Key
KNOLL	Knoll
LANDNG	Landing
LANE	Lane
LMTS	Limits
LINE	Line
LINK	Link
LKOUT	Lookout
LOOP	Loop
MALL	Mall

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MANOR	Manor
MAZE	Maze
MEADOW	Meadow
MEWS	Mews
MONTÉE	Montée
MOOR	Moor
MOUNT	Mount
MTN	Mountain
ORCH	Orchard
PARADE	Parade
PARC	Parc
PK	Park
PKY	Parkway
PASS	Passage
PATH	Path
PTWAY	Pathway
PINES	Pines
PL	Place (English)
PLACE	Place (French)
PLAT	Plateau
PLAZA	Plaza
PT	Point
POINTE	Pointe
PORT	Port
PVT	Private
PROM	Promenade
QUAI	Quai
QUAY	Quay
RAMP	Ramp
RANG	Rang
RG	Range
RIDGE	Ridge
RISE	Rise
RD	Road
RDPT	Rond Point
RTE	Route
ROW	Row
RUE	Rue
RLE	Ruelle
RUN	Run
SENT	Sentier
SQ	Square
ST	Street
SUBDIV	Subdivision
TERR	Terrace
TSSE	Terrasse
THICK	Thicket

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TOWERS	Towers
TLINE	Townline
TRAIL	Trail
TRNABT	Turnabout
VALE	Vale
VIA	Via
VIEW	View
VILLGE	Village
VILLAS	Villas
VISTA	Vista
VOIE	Voie
WALK	Walk
WAY	Way
WHARF	Wharf
WOOD	Wood
WYND	Wynd

**17. StreetDirCode**

The street direction component of an official street name. Valid Street Direction Code values are:

Code	Direction
N	North/Nord
S	South/Sud
E	East/Est
W	West
O	Ouest
NE	Northeast/Nord-est
NW	Northwest
NO	Nord-ouest
SE	Southeast/Sud-est
SW	Southwest
SO	Sud-ouest

**18. StreetSuffix**

The address suffix associated with the street address. Examples of street numbers with suffixes are 14½ and 22B. A numeric value denotes a fractional suffix. Fractional code valid values:

Code	Suffix
1	¼
2	½
3	¾
A-Z	A-Z respectively

**19. CityMixedCase**

This is the name of city for the Postal Code. The name can represent a city, a postal entity, a community or a municipality name. This value is in proper "Mixed Case Letters".

**20. AreaNameMixedCase**

The major community or greater municipality grouping that contains the street address or its delivery installation recognized by Canada Post. This value is in proper "Mixed Case Letters".

**21. MunicipalityName**

The name of the Municipality for this Postal Code.

**22. CensusMetropolitanAreaUID**

Uniquely identifies a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration. Link this with the Metropolitan Table for more Metro Area data.

**23. CensusMetropolitanAreaName**

Census metropolitan area or census agglomeration name.

**24. CensusDivisionUID**

Uniquely identifies a census division. Link this with the Division Table for more Subdivision data.

**25. CensusDivisionName**

Census division name.

**26. CensusSubDivisionUID**

Uniquely identifies a census subdivision (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 3-digit census subdivision code). Link this with the Subdivision Table for more Subdivision data.

**27. CensusSubDivisionName**

Census subdivision name.



## **28. Record Type**

Defines the type of postal code:

- 1 – Street Address (always urban)
- 2 – Street Served by Route or GD
- 3 – Lock Box Address
- 4 – Route Service Address
- 5 – General Delivery Address

## **29. Address Type**

A code denoting whether an address is in the form of a civic address or in the form of a delivery installation address.

- 1 = civic (street) address format
- 2 = delivery installation (station) address format

## **30. Street Name Mixed Case**

The official civic name of a roadway or artery as recognized by Canada Post, in mixed case letters (not all uppercase).

## **31. Federal Electoral District UID**

Uniquely identifies a federal electoral district (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 3-digit federal electoral district code).

## **32. Federal Electoral District Name**

Federal electoral district name.

## **33. Designated Place UID**

Uniquely identifies a designated place (composed of the 2-digit province or territory unique identifier followed by the 4-digit designated place code)

## **34. Designated Place Name**

Designated place name

**35. Economic Region UID**

Uniquely identifies an economic region (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit economic region code).

**36. Economic Region Name**

Economic region name.

**37. Census Dissemination Area UID**

Uniquely identifies a dissemination area (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 4-digit dissemination area code).

**38. Census Consolidated Subdivision UID**

Uniquely identifies a census consolidated subdivision (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 3-digit census consolidated subdivision code).

**39. Census Consolidated Subdivision Name**

Census consolidated subdivision name.

**40. Census Tract UID**

Uniquely identifies a census tract within a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration – (composed of the 3-digit census metropolitan area/census agglomeration unique identifier followed by the 7.2-character census tract name).

## **Municipality Cross Reference**

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The municipality cross-reference file contains alternate names, alternate spellings, and abbreviations for many of the official municipality names contained within the Address Lookup File and indicates which names may be used as valid alternates. Municipality names identified as valid alternates are equally as valid as the official municipality name.

Alternate municipality names have been defined by using FSA(s) to delimit the extent of the use of the alternate municipality name. Where no FSA is identified the alternate name is valid for all addresses within the municipality otherwise, the valid alternate name will only be valid for specified FSA's as listed on the address tape.

Based on the "type of alternate" this file simply provides a cross-reference facility for municipality names that may have changed or identified and abbreviated municipality name. By comparing the old municipality name to the records in this file, users can determine the official name and then continue to perform a search against the Address Lookup file.

For example, the following address will not be found in the Address Lookup File, since the community name has been changed:

7681 KENNEDY RD  
MILLIKEN ON

The postal code cannot therefore be determined directly. A search in the Municipality Cross-Reference file, using the Province Code and Milliken as the community name will find a match, and provide the current municipality name, Markham.

7681 KENNEDY RD  
MARKHAM ON

This address can then be matched against the Address Lookup file to yield the correct postal code, L3R 0L7. The municipality names should replace the invalid names on the user's address file.

Type of Alternate - Indicates the type of alternate municipality name. The valid values are:

- 1 = Invalid alternate name
- 2 = Valid alternate name
- 3 = Abbreviated municipality name (13 characters)
- 4 = Abbreviated municipality name (18 characters)

## Accent Supplement File

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This file is sorted in alpha-numeric ascending sequence on the non-accented name field.

### Accent Codes

The "Coded" field contains the Accented version with special characters representing which accented character should be used. In other words, accented characters are represented by the characters in the left column of the table below. Replace that character with the Accented character in the right of the table.

\$	=	Â
=	=	À
<	=	Ç
%	=	È
*	=	É
>	=	Ê
!	=	Ë
@	=	Î
?	=	Ï
¢	=	Û
;	=	Ü
#	=	Ö
+	=	Ù

## **Street Cross Reference File**

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Alternate street names found on CPC's Postal Code Data Files are equally as valid as the official street name. The Alternate Street Name File comprises street name, street type, street direction, municipality and province. All the components as shown on the alternate file must be used.

This file provides a cross-reference facility for street names, allowing a search on names which may be obsolete, changed or commonly abbreviated.

For example:  
2838 PARK ST  
ABBOTSFORD BC

will not match in the Address Lookup File, since the street name is out-of-date.

By comparing the Province Code (BC), the Municipality (Abbotsford) and the street name (Park St) to the Street Cross-Reference File, the current street name, Justice Way can be determined, and the postal code subsequently obtained from the Address Lookup File:

2838 JUSTICE WAY  
ABBOTSFORD BC V2T 3P5

## **Census Data Supplement Files**

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### **ADAUID**

Uniquely identifies an aggregate dissemination area (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 4-digit aggregate dissemination area code). An aggregate dissemination area is a grouping of census tracts or census subdivisions or dissemination areas.

### **CCSUID**

Uniquely identifies a census consolidated subdivision (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 3-digit census consolidated subdivision code). A census consolidated subdivision is a grouping of adjacent census subdivisions (municipalities) within the same census division used primarily for disseminating Census of Agriculture data.

### **CCSNAME**

Census consolidated subdivision name. A census consolidated subdivision (CCS) is a group of adjacent census subdivisions. Generally, the smaller, more densely-populated census subdivisions (towns, villages, etc.) are combined with the surrounding, larger, more rural census subdivision, in order to create a geographic level between the census subdivision and the census division.

### **CDUID**

Uniquely identifies a census division (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code). A census division is an area of regional government (such as a county or regional district) or an area treated as equivalent for statistical purposes. A census division is usually made up of a number of adjacent census subdivisions (municipalities).

### **CDNAME**

Census division name.

### **CDTYPE**

Census division type.

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>
CDR	Census division / Division de recensement
CT	County / Comté

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### Canadian Database Specifications - Business

CTY	County
DIS	District
DM	District municipality
MRC	Municipalité régionale de comté
RD	Regional district
REG	Region
RM	Regional municipality
TE	Territoire équivalent
TER	Territory / Territoire
UC	United counties

#### **CMAUID**

Uniquely identifies a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration.

Census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations consist of one or more adjacent municipalities (census subdivisions) around a core. To form a census metropolitan area, the core must have a population of at least 50,000 and the entire census metropolitan area must have a total population of at least 100,000. To form a census agglomeration, the core must have a population of at least 10,000. The files contain the boundaries of all census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations defined for the census. Census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations crossing provincial boundaries appear in the boundary files in provincial parts.

There are four census metropolitan areas/census agglomerations that cross provincial boundaries. In each of these cases, the census metropolitan area/census agglomeration is divided by the provincial limit and is represented as two polygon records in the boundary file. The four census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations that cross provincial limits are:

1. Census Agglomeration of Campbellton, CMAUID 330, crosses the New Brunswick/Quebec provincial boundary
2. Census Agglomeration of Hawkesbury, CMAUID 502, crosses the Quebec/Ontario provincial boundary
3. Census Metropolitan Area of Ottawa - Gatineau, CMAUID 505, crosses the Quebec/Ontario provincial boundary
4. Census Agglomeration of Lloydminster, CMAUID 840, crosses the Saskatchewan/Alberta provincial boundary

#### **CMANAME**

Census metropolitan area or census agglomeration name.

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## Canadian Database Specifications - Business

### CMAPUID

Uniquely identifies the provincial/territorial part of a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 3-digit census metropolitan area/census agglomeration unique identifier)

### CMATYPE

A one-character field identifying whether the unit is a census metropolitan area, a tracted census agglomeration or a non-tracted census agglomeration

Code	Description
B	Census metropolitan area (CMA)
D	Census agglomeration (CA) that is not tracted
K	Census agglomeration (CA) that is tracted
< Null >	not applicable (outside of CMA or CA)

### CSDUID

Uniquely identifies a census subdivision (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 3-digit census subdivision code). A census subdivision is a municipality or an area treated as equivalent to a municipality for statistical purposes (for example, Indian reserves and unorganized territories). Municipal status is defined by laws in effect in each province and territory in Canada.

### CSDNAME

Census subdivision name.

### CSDTYPE

Census subdivisions are classified according to designations adopted by provincial/territorial or federal authorities.

Code	Description
< Null >	not applicable
C	City / Cité
CC	Chartered community
CG	Community government
CN	Crown colony / Colonie de la couronne
COM	Community
CT	Canton (municipalité de)
CU	Canton unis (municipalité de)
CV	City / Ville



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CY	City
DM	District municipality
HAM	Hamlet
ID	Improvement district
IGD	Indian government district
IM	Island municipality
IRI	Indian reserve / Réserve indienne
LGD	Local government district
LOT	Township and royalty
M	Municipality / Municipalité
MD	Municipal district
ME	Municipalité
MU	Municipality
NH	Northern hamlet
NL	Nisga'a land
NO	Unorganized / Non organisé
NV	Northern village
P	Parish / Paroisse (municipalité de)
PE	Paroisse (municipalité de)
RCR	Rural community / Communauté rurale
RDA	Regional district electoral area
RG	Region
RGM	Regional municipality
RM	Rural municipality
RV	Resort village
S-E	Indian settlement / Établissement indien
SA	Special area
SC	Subdivision of county municipality / Subdivision municipalité de comté
SE	Settlement / Établissement
SET	Settlement
SG	Self-government / Autonomie gouvernementale
SM	Specialized municipality
SNO	Subdivision of unorganized / Subdivision non organisée
SV	Summer village
T	Town
TC	Terres réservées aux Cris
TI	Terre inuite
TK	Terres réservées aux Naskapis
TL	Teslin land
TP	Township
TV	Town / Ville
V	Ville
VC	Village cri
VK	Village naskapi
VL	Village
VN	Village nordique

**CTUID**

Uniquely identifies a census tract within a census metropolitan area/census agglomeration (composed of the 3-digit census metropolitan area/census agglomeration unique identifier followed by the 7.2-character census tract name).

Census tracts are small, relatively stable geographic areas that usually have a population less than 10,000 as per the previous census. They are located in census metropolitan areas and in census agglomerations with a core population of 50,000 or more in the previous census.

**CTNAME**

Every census tract is assigned a 7.2-character numeric 'name' (including leading zeros, a decimal point and trailing zeros).

**DAUID**

Uniquely identifies a dissemination area (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit census division code and the 4-digit dissemination area code). A dissemination area is a small area composed of one or more neighboring blocks.

**DPLUID**

Uniquely identifies a designated place (composed of the 2-digit province or territory unique identifier followed by the 4-digit designated place code). A designated place is usually a small community that does not meet the criteria established by Statistics Canada to be a census subdivision (an area with municipal status) or a population centre. Designated places are created by provinces and territories, in cooperation with Statistics Canada, to provide data for submunicipal areas.

**DPLNAME**

Designated place name

**DPLTYPE**

Designated place type

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Province</b>
CFA	Class IV area	Nova Scotia
DMU	Dissolved municipality	Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta
DPL	Designated place	Newfoundland and Labrador
IRI	Indian reserve / Réserve indienne	British Columbia

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IST	Island trust	British Columbia
LNC	Localité non constituée	Quebec
LSB	Local service board	Ontario
LSD	Local service district	New Brunswick
LUD	Local urban district	Manitoba
MDI	Municipalité dissoute	Quebec
MDP	Municipal defined places	Ontario
MET	Métis settlement	Alberta
NCM	Northern community	Manitoba
NVL	Nisga'a village	British Columbia
OHM	Organized hamlet	Saskatchewan
SE	Aboriginal settlement	Yukon
UNP	Unincorporated place	Alberta, British Columbia
UUC	Unincorporated urban centre	Manitoba

**ERUID**

Uniquely identifies an economic region (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 2-digit economic region code). An economic region is a grouping of complete census divisions (with an exception in Ontario) created as a standard geographic area for analysis of regional economic activity.

**ERNAME**

Economic region name.

**FEDUID**

Uniquely identifies a federal electoral district (composed of the 2-digit province/territory unique identifier followed by the 3-digit federal electoral district code). A federal electoral district is an area represented by a Member of Parliament in the House of Commons. The federal electoral district boundaries used for the 2016 Census are based on the 2013 Representation Order. The files contain the assignment of all federal electoral districts which combined cover all of Canada. The Federal Electoral District data portray the federal electoral districts in effect on January 1, 2016.

**FEDName**

Federal electoral district name.

**FEDEName**

The federal electoral district name in English.

**FEDFName**

The federal electoral district name in French.

**PCUID**

Uniquely identifies a population centre. A population centre has a minimum population concentration of 1,000 persons and a population density of at least 400 persons per square kilometre, based on the current census population count.

**PCClass**

Identifies whether a population centre is small, medium or large urban. Population centres are classified into three groups, depending on the size of their population:

- small population centres, with a population between 1,000 and 29,999
- medium population centres, with a population between 30,000 and 99,999
- large urban population centres, with a population of 100,000 or more.

Code	Description
2	Small population centre (1,000 to 29,999)
3	Medium population centre (30,000 to 99,999)
4	Large urban population centre (100,000 or more)

**PCNAME**

Population centre name

**PCPUID**

Uniquely identifies the provincial or territorial part of an population centre (composed of the 2-digit province or territory unique identifier followed by the 4-digit population centre unique identifier).

**PCTYPE**

Population centre type. The type code indicates the relationship of the population centre to the census metropolitan area and census agglomeration structure.

Code	Description
0	Rural Area
1	Core inside a census metropolitan area or a census agglomeration

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2	Fringe inside a census metropolitan area or a census agglomeration
4	Population centre outside a census metropolitan area or a census agglomeration
6	Secondary core inside a census metropolitan area or a census agglomeration

**PRUID**

Uniquely identifies a province or territory.

**PRNAME**

Province or territory name.

**SACCODE**

The Statistical Area Classification code is a three-digit code that identifies which census metropolitan area (CMA), census agglomeration (CA) or census metropolitan influenced zone (MIZ) a census subdivision is a component of. The MIZ categories, which denote the degree of influence that the CMAs and/or CAs have on these zones, are: strong (code 996), moderate (code 997), weak (code 998), no influence (code 999), or the territories (code 000) where the classification is not applicable.

Code	Description
000	Territories, classification is not applicable
001-995	CMA or CA
996	Strong
997	Moderate
998	Weak
999	No influence

**SACTYPE**

The Statistical Area Classification type is a one-digit code that identifies whether a census subdivision is a component of a census metropolitan area (CMA), a census agglomeration (CA), a census metropolitan influenced zone (MIZ) or in the territories.

Code	Description
1	Census subdivision within census metropolitan area
2	Census subdivision within census agglomeration with at least one census tract
3	Census subdivision within census agglomeration having no census tracts
4	Census subdivision outside of census metropolitan area/census agglomeration area having strong metropolitan influence

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5	Census subdivision outside of census metropolitan area/census agglomeration area having moderate metropolitan influence
6	Census subdivision outside of census metropolitan area/census agglomeration area having weak metropolitan influence
7	Census subdivision outside of census metropolitan area/census agglomeration area having no metropolitan influence
8	Census subdivision within a territory